

The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 664

TUESDAY, AUGUST 9. 1737.

9: 662.

THE Count de Galowkin, the Czarina's Ambassador Extraordinary at the Hague, receiv'd Advice on the 31st ult. O. S. that on the 2d of that Month the Count de Mubich made himself Master of Oczakow, where were betwixt 17 and 20,000 Janissaries and Arnauts.

The following is the Extract of a Letter to the Emperor, from Count Mubich himself, dated at Oczakow, the very Day that he took that Place. I arrived a few Days ago with your Imperial Majesty's Army before Oczakow. I immediately made all the necessary Dispositions for attacking it; by means of the Fortify'd Gardens which the Enemy had abandon'd on our Right, I made my Approaches towards the Town with all the Success that could be desired. Yesterday we drove the Enemy from their Intrenchments, and fortify'd the Place, and pushed them to the Counterescarp of the Fortress. Tho' Your Majesty's Troops had been continually employ'd three Days successively, and skirmishing every Day with the Enemy, yet I this Day resolv'd to give a General Storm; considering the Situation of the Place, and that the Garrison, which consisted of between 17 and 20,000 Janissaries, Arnauts, and others, all pick'd Men, expected a considerable Supply: And this Resolution was, by the Divine Protection, happily executed. We immediately forced our Way to the Citadel: And tho' the Issue was a while doubtful, because of the brave Defense made by so numerous a Garrison; yet so extraordinary was the Courage of your Imperial Majesty's Troops, and so quick the Attack, that the Enemy were forced in a short Time to hang up the White Flag, and to surrender, so that the Town is now in our Hands. I humbly congratulate your Imperial Majesty on this new Victory, which the Almighty has granted to your Arms. This Action was not performed without some Loss on our Side, considering the Duration of the Fight, and the Defense made by the Enemy, who fought like Desperadoes; yet the Number of our Slain is not very great, but that of the Wounded is more considerable.

As to the General Officers, I have the Honour to humbly inform your Imperial Majesty, that the Prince of Hesse-Hombourg, General of the Ordnance, to guard the Lines of Circumvallation, against any Enemy that might appear there; and that the Prince of Brunswick was always with us during the Storm, in which he signalized himself very much, and had a Horse kill'd under him. The General Rumainzow, and Lieutenant-General Bunn are well, as is also the Adjutant-General Bunn, who led on your Imperial Majesty's Guards with very great Bravery. The Lieutenant-General Kaite and Löwendahl, together with the Major-General Arrakzyes, are wounded; and I cannot sufficiently express to Your Majesty the Valour of those Generals, as well as the other Officers and Soldiers shew'd upon this Occasion. I will send Your Majesty the other Particulars by a fresh Courier, rather than delay the Departure of this.

The Court had also received an Express from Veltz, O. S. he passed into the Crim-Tartary, overboard of Boats, which he caused to be laid overboard of the Sea at Cadziz; that he marched from thence towards Arrabat, 8 Leagues from Kerez; the Vice-Admiral Bredal, who commands the Fleet, was to land the Troops he had on board his Ship, to make a Diversion some Leagues from Kerez, that General Lascki had met with no Manner of Opposition, because the Kan stay'd with his Army, expecting him all the while at Precop; and that the Detachment of 400 Tartars falling in the Field, had been defeated, and put to Flight.

Other Letters from Petersburg say, That Count Mubich's Express brought Advice, that the Garrison of Oczakow, which surrendered at Discretion, and made Prisoners of War, was removed to Pultowa: That 86 Brass Guns were found in the Place, in good Condition, 20 other Cannon damaged, 26

Mortars, some Hauwitzers, and above 12,000 Muskets, but no great Quantity of Ammunition and Provisions; because their Magazines had been destroyed by the Russians Bombs: That Count Mubich, after having left a Garrison of 10,000 Men in Oczakow, was marched again, and advanced 12 Werstes, or Russian Miles, beyond Oczakow, in quest of the Turkish Army. 'Tis added, that the Prince of Hesse-Hombourg has also defeated a great Detachment of Tartars, and taken a good Number of Hories from them; of which he has sent the finest to Petersburg, and particularly Four, as a Present to the new Duke of Courland.

The Town of Oczakow, which lies near the Mouth of the Nieper, about 37 Miles N. E. from Bialogrod, first belonged to the Lithuanians, from whom it was taken by the Tartars, and upon their Defeat by the Poles, in 1644, afterwards received a Turkish Garrison. Tho' 'tis no very considerable Place, yet the Conquest of it is of the more Importance to the Russians, because it gives them a free Communication with the Army of Velt Marshal Lascki, and a better Opportunity of receiving Provisions by the Borythenes.

Letters of the 23d ult. from Vienna say, That the Provinces of Wallachia and Moldavia, being not able to stand against the Imperial Troops, the Hopodars of those two Provinces had sent Deputies, to declare their Submission to the Emperor, and their Desire of his Protection.

Those from the Grand Army of the Imperialists say, That General Philippi was gone with a great Detachment to secure Toponicka, 2 Leagues from Nissa, the Garrison of which City seem'd dispos'd to make a stout Defense; and that when Colonel Lentulus pass'd the Morave, he heard that the Turks had abandoned all the Places between that River and the Town of Procupia, and had retired to that Town with their Effects.

The Advices from Bosnia confirm the Defeat of a Body of Troops, commanded by the Bassa of Baniackucka, but not the Taking of that Fortress, which the Prince of Saxe-Hilburghausen intended however to lay speedy Siege to; unless the Motions which the Turks are making on the Frontiers of Croatia, oblige him to march that Way, to assist the Ban of that Province. The Count de Wurmburg, General of the Imperial Cavalry, has been extremely ill, and some say that on the 12th Instant he died.

The Emperor has signified to the Dyet of Ratisbon, That he hopes the States of the Empire will grant him 50,000 Roman Months, which amounts to 2,500,000 German Florins, for the War against the Turks.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, Aug. 2. Last Week died at his Seat of Kirkmichael in Dumfries-shire, the Right Hon. Robert late Earl of Carnwath, a Nobleman of exemplary Piety, Virtue and Honour, and has left Issue two Sons and two Daughters by his four Ladies. He is succeeded by the Lord Dalziel, a very promising Youth.

As did on Sunday, at his Seat of Lawfield in East Lothian, the Right Hon. Lord Alexander Hay, Uncle to the Marquis of Tweedale, late one of the Lords of Police, leaving Issue two Sons, John and William, and a Daughter married to Sir Philip Anstruther of Balcaskie.

Yesterday 3 Centinels, Deserters from General Whetham's Regiment, were carried up to the Castle, that Corps being to march into the Country Tomorrow, on account of the Election of a Representative for this Shire, in room of the Lord Arncliffe, which comes on Thursday next.

We hear that the associated Brethren, who lately erected themselves into a Presbytery, have appointed a Fast to be kept next Wednesday at Linton, Cambulnethen, and Ochil-hills; Places very proper for Fasting, they not being able to afford Victuals to one Tenth Part of the vast Numbers that will flock thither on this Occasion.

Last Week arrived here from London, Miss Thornhill, a young Lady of a vast Fortune, to see this Country.

Yesterday Morning betwixt Two and Three of the Clock, died at his House in the Parliament Close,

William Drummond of Grange, universally and justly regretted.

Friday last the Lord Chief Baron Lant, set out for London.

To-morrow Morning the Right Hon. Duncan Forbes, Esq; Lord President of the Session, sets out for Argyleshire.

The Barons of his Majesty's Exchequer have appointed Mr. James Bogle, Secretary to the Royal Bank, Deputy King's Remembrancer in the Court of Exchequer, in the Absence of William Bowles, Esq; and on Friday last he enter'd upon that Office.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Lynn-Regis, August 2. On Saturday about Five in the Afternoon, a Seizure of three Anchors of Brandy and two of Rum, was made by the Officers of Excise, in a Pleasure-Boat, which was safely convey'd that Evening to the Custom-house, and the Boat moored there.

The same Evening, between Eleven and Twelve, a Fire broke out at the Oil-Mill out at South-Gates, belonging to Mr. Fish, which in a few Hours consumed the same to the Ground, with two Tenements which joined thereto; and the Damage thereby is computed at 900 l.

Norwich, August 6. Last Monday the Hon. Artillery Company held their Annual Venison Feast, at the New-Hall; where were present a great Number of Gentlemen, who express their entire Satisfaction thereat: After Dinner His Majesty's, the Queen's, Prince and Princess of Wales, and the rest of the Royal Family's Healths went round, with those of the Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Townshend, and Lord Lynn our Lord Lieutenant, Sir Robert Walpole, and Horatio Walpole and Thomas Vere, Esq; our two Worthy Members, and a great many other Loyal Healths, with loud Huzzas, &c.

Canterbury, August 6. On receiving the News of her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales's being safely deliver'd of a young Princess, the Bells of this Cathedral were rung, and the Soldiers quarter'd here were drawn up in the Church-yard, and discharged their Fire-Arms.

On the Night between Wednesday and Thursday we had here a terrible Storm of Wind and Rain; one of the beautiful Windows of the Cathedral was blown, Frame and all, into the Church, and shattered to Pieces.

Yesterday died here, John Gray, Doctor of Physick, a Gentleman of great Practice in these Parts, and exceeding kind to the Poor, near 50 Years of Age: His Distemper was the Stone, for which he had been cut near 40 Years ago.

The above-mentioned Storms of Wind and Rain, have done incredible Damage to the Hop-Plantations in these Parts; which, considering the Damage they received before from the Wind about a Fortnight ago, will make Hops bear a great Price; for, we hear, there are not many Old Hops in hand. Before these Winds happened there was a Prospect of a pretty good Crop.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Elfenour, Aug. 6. My last was the 3d Instant, since the following Masters have arrived, viz. Samuel Marjerum of Yarmouth, from Riga for London; Robert Edgar, of and for Montrose from Narva; John Love, of and for London from Stockholm; Robert Rogers, of and for Belfast from Dantzick; John Cole of Newcastle, for London from Stetin; Robert Walker of Whitby, from Riga for London; Philip Smith, of and for London from Stetin; Basil Taylor, of and for Hull from Gessle; Edward Wilkinson, of and for Lynn from Stetin, and Michael Ward, of and for Chester from Riga.

The outward bound are all failed, except the three last: Since the Wind is come about to the N. W. whereby those for the Baltick are failed.

Amsterdam, Aug. 12. N. S. In the Texel are arrived the Lady Margaret, Lawrence Baarns, and the Lady Elizabeth, Claus Vinck, from London; the Ships of Capt. Younger from Sunderland, and Thomas Atkinson, from Newcastle. At Riga, the Ship of George Ouchterlony from Ivica; at Bremen, the

the Ships of John Haselep, and Henry Peters, from Ireland.

HOME PORTS.

Liverpool, Aug. 4. Arrived the Batchelors, Garner, from Antigua.

Bristol, Aug. 6. Came in since our last, the Murdock, Williams, and the New Kent, Arriel, from Virginia; and the Sarah and Elizabeth, Mander, from Carolina; and the Happy Couple, Hane, from Antigua.

Arrived at Virginia, the Hobhouse, Bartlett, from St. Christopher's, and the Brice, Saunders, from Africa; at Jamaica, the John and Richard, Haig, and the Nightingale, Haskins, both from Africa; the Boston Merchant, Roe, and the Mermaid, Doubr, both from Cork; at Carolina, the Hawkins, Cole, from Bristol, and the Winter, Trueman, from Cadiz; at Barbados, the Bacchus, Deverell, from Philadelphia; the Fantyn, Edwards, and the Brackley, Griffin, both from Africa; at St. Christopher's, the Greyhound, Halden, from Africa; at Africa, the Betty, Phelps, from Bristol.

Exon, Aug. 5. Arrived the Brown and Alenon from Falmouth; the Williams, —, from Tenby; the Ball, —, from Milford; the Prowse, —, from Dartmouth; the Sarah, Dennis, from Malaga; and the Hunt and Ellis, from London.

Sailed the —, Pierce, for London; the —, Atkinson, for Sunderland; the —, Cooper, for Scarborough; the Caroline, Reynell, for Hamburg; and the —, Skutt, for Portsmouth.

Pool, Aug. 6. Thursday sailed from hence the Robert and Sarah of this Port, Brenton, for Bonavista in Newfoundland; and Yesterday the John and Mary, Bottley, with Corn for Cadiz. On the 2d Instant off of Scilly was met the Caesar, Spicer, bound from Carolina for London.

Cowes, Aug. 6. Arrived the Bethel, Long, from Antigua for London.

Portsmouth, Aug. 7. Since my last arrived the St. Agneta, Oliver, from Wyburgh for Venice; and the Martha and Elizabeth, Hedger, from St. Felieu for London. Sailed the Molly Brig. Vere, and the Eagle Pink, Raven, for Lisbon; also the Sarah Sloop, Basset, and the Mary Brig. Read, both for Guernsey. Remain at Spithead his Majesty's Ships the Sheerness and Blandford.

Dover, Aug. 7. Arrived off of our Port, Alexander Campbell, from Jamaica; and the Caesar, Smyter, from South Carolina.

Deal, Aug. 7. Wind W.N.W. In the Downs the King William, Watkinson, for Lisbon; the Peacock, Teagor, for Seville; the Sarah, Green, for Boston; the Mary M'Carty for Cadiz; the Happy George, Fitzgerald, from Holland for the Canaries; the India Merchant, Barlow, for the Straights. Several Ships not back last Night and this Morning, Names unknown. Arrived the Duke of Lorain, Crompton; and the Grantham, Hale, from East India; the Ellis, Nowns, from Jamaica; the Chetwynd, Brown, from Barbados; the King George, Ayres, from Carolina; and the Carolina, Gibbs, from Stockholm.

Gravesend, Aug. 7. Yesterday passed by the Constant Mary Speck, from Riga; and this Day the Joseph and Jane, Wade, from Norway; the Mary, Gilby, from Calais; the George and Lowry, Perry, from Norway; the Britannia, Howlaton, and the Page, Ashby, from Rotterdam; the Happy Return, Tweedy, from Dantzick; and the Argyle, Diggs, from Petersburg.

The Abel, Capt. Forster, is arrived at Barbados from London.

L O N D O N.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint the Earl of Abercorn, Edward Walpole, and Luke Gardiner, Esqrs; to be of the Privy Council of Ireland.

On the first of August, according to Triennial Custom at Dublin, the Franchises and Liberties of that City were rode by the Lord Mayor, Sheriffs, and 24 Corporations, who all vv'd with each other to make the best Appearance in Cloaths, Horses, Furniture, &c. and the whole was very handsome and grand.

The same being the Anniversary of his late Majesty's Accession to the Throne, was observed throughout that City with the utmost Demonstrations of Joy.

Letters from Carthage in New Spain (by way of Jamaica) of the 17th of May last, confirm the Account of the Arrival there of the Gallions from Cadiz on the 20th of March.

Letters from Ostend mention, that they have had a violent Storm of Wind on that Coast on Wednesday the 3d Instant, and that Capt. Daniel Paul, in a large Ship laden from thence with Wheat, and Capt. Bracker, were lost near Calais; as were several others on that and the adjacent Coast.

We hear that Mr. Brett, Brewer to his Royal

Highness the Prince of Wales, having sent four Hogheads of extreme bad Beer to the Bonfire, given to the Populace on Tuesday last, before his Royal Highness's House in Pall Mall, upon the late happy Occasion of the Birth of a Princess, was, for the said Offence next Morning turned out of the Prince's Service.

On Sunday Night last about 10 o'Clock, a Gentleman was knock'd down and robbed of his Watch and some Silver, by two Street Robbers, near St. Clements Church in the Strand, and made off undiscovered.

On Sunday Evening last a young Woman, Servant to Mrs. Tippin, who lives in Westminster Market, walked up the Bank Side in Company with another Servant Maid, and as they were returning home, Mrs. Tippin's Maid said to the other, Don't let us go Home together; you go this Way, and I will go the other; so they parted, and she returned up the Bank and flung herself into the Thames and was drowned. Her Corpse was Yesterday taken up near Peterborough House, and this Day the Coroner's Inquest will sit on her.

Bank Stock 143 3-4ths. India 173 3-4ths. South Sea 101. Old Annuity 110 1-8th to 1-4th. New ditto 109 3-4ths. Three per Cent. 106. Emperor's Loan 112 5-8ths. Royal Assurance 108. London Assurance 14 3-4ths. African 14. New India Bonds 61. 14 s. to 15 s. Prem. Old ditto, 61. 13 s. to 14 s. Premium. South Sea ditto 41. 12 s. Prem. Bank Circulation 31. 10 s. Prem. Salt Tallies 1 to 5 Prem. English Copper 21. 12 s. Welch ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 8 1-4th per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 3 per Cent. Premium. Million Bank 122 1-half. Lottery Tickets 91. 18 s.

Custom-House, London, August 6, 1737.

THE Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs do hereby give Notice, That on Wednesday the 31st Instant will be exposed to Sale at the Custom-house at Fowey in Cornwall, upwards of Fourteen hundred Gallons of Brandy, Two hundred and five Gallons of Rum, and upwards of Five thousand Pounds Weight of Tobacco, clear of all Duties; the same being Condemn'd in his Majesty's Court of Exchequer.

The said Goods may be viewed and tasted till the Time of Sale, at the Custom house at Fowey.

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses, whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollution sui, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain, since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infect the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hætick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis, or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumption, which frequently terminate in Death itself.

All such, therefore, who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old or Stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetes, or Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe, and speedy Cure, which they most assuredly may, by taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent BALSAMICK RESTRICTIVE ELECTUARY, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years been experienc'd never once to fail perfectly curing the most Stubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels, and Urinary Passages, which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent BALSAMICK RESTRICTIVE ELECTUARY, is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weakness and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels to an immense Degree, inasmuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out, and all Persons fatigu'd with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weaknesses of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surpris'd at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been tried in vain; too much cannot be said in it, and this, All who ever took it for any of the above-mention'd Purposes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6 s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten times as much, and by the Author's special Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whosoever carefully reads will perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with, succeeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Foul Disease is entirely eradicated or not.

Note, Ask only for a 6 s. Pot of Balsamick Electuary.

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WHO is the only Person in England that undertakes the Cure of Hollow Roots, and Imperfections of Speech, and is Licensed for that Purpose by the Court of Chancery. He gives Notice, that he shall be at his House in St. Dunstons Church-yard, during the Summer Season, where any Person may be consulted and accommodated with pleasant and convenient Lodgings. N.B. He will be in Town again the Beginning of Winter.

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No sooner is it taken scarcely, but all manner of Pain vanishes, as if by Incantment, and the Patient is as perfectly well and free from Pain, as if no such thing had ever been, and this it not only accomplishes in the present, in all Persons whatsoever, but also, by subduing all Sharpness in the Blood and Juices, it prevents any Return of the Piles for the future, entirely to cure that Illness, and thereby prevent all other direful Consequences, that cannot be too dreaded.

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It is so safe, that a sucking Child might take it with convenience, for it never occasions the least Trouble or disorder, and is so very agreeable to take, as not to give the nicest Palate. Is sold only at Jacob's Coffee-house, the Angel and Crown Tavern in Broad-Street, near the Royal-Exchange, at 5 s. a Pot, with Directions.

These are to Certify whom it may concern

THAT the Two Medicines for the Cure of the Gleet, which have been sold with so much success for the Good of Mankind near Thirty Years last, are the Cure of

All Sorts of RUPTURES, BURSTEN, BROKEN BELLIES.

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These two Remedies need no other Recommendation, themselves will manifest in two or three Days using, their admirable and even astonishing Success, gained by their reputation they so justly deserve, both in City and Country, after wearing Trusses for many Years to no purpose.

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The World might have had many Certificates of the Cure of Persons of all Ages, from Children of a few Months grown Persons of 60 Years or upwards; but for the Hindrance of People being utterly averse to let it be known that they ever had such an Infirmary: Yet Mr. Taylour can satisfy any reasonable Inquirer of the Validity of the Cure, for he has not had such large Knowledge of the reason of the short Time he has sold 'em, as they have the Medicines are now, for good Reasons, removed.

No Letters received except Post paid.